



# SPT-PCXX1G-40(D)

### 1.25Gbps CWDM SFP Optical Transceiver, 40km Reach

#### Features

- Data-rate of 1.25Gbps operation
- 18 CWDM DFB wavelengths laser and PIN photo detector for 40km transmission
- Compliant with SFP MSA and SFF-8472 with duplex LC receptacle
- Digital Diagnostic Monitoring:
- Internal Calibration or External Calibration
- Compatible with SONET OC-24-LR-1
- Compatible with ROHS
- +3.3V single power supply
- Operating case temperature: Standard: 0 to +70°C

#### Applications

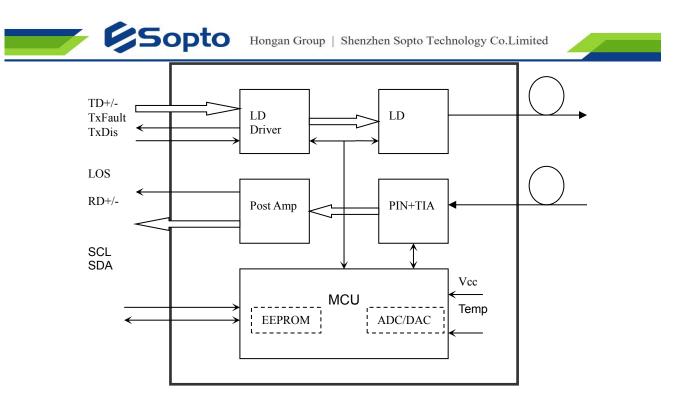
- Gigabit Ethernet
- 1X Fiber Channel
- Switch to Switch interface
- Switched backplane applications
- Router/Server interface
- Other optical transmission systems

#### Description

The SFP transceivers are high performance, cost effective modules supporting data-rate of 1.25Gbps and 40km transmission distance with SMF. The transceiver consists of three sections: an uncooled CWDM DFB laser transmitter, a PIN photodiode integrated with a trans-impedance preamplifier (TIA) and MCU control unit. All modules satisfy class I laser safety requirements.

The transceivers are compatible with SFP Multi-Source Agreement (MSA) and SFF-8472. For further Information, please refer to SFP MSA.

#### **Module Block Diagram**



Absolute Maximum Ratings				
Parameter	Symbol	Min	Max	Unit
Supply Voltage	Vcc	-0.5	4.5	V
Storage Temperature	Ts	-40	+85	°C
Operating Humidity	-	5	85	%

## **Recommended Operating Conditions**

			_			
Parameter		Symbol	Min	Typical	Max	Unit
Operating Case Temperature	Standard	Тс	0		+70	°C
Power Supply V	Power Supply Voltage		3.13	3.3	3.47	V
Power Supply Current		Icc			300	mA
Data Rate				1.25		Gbps

## $\lambda$ C Wavelength Guide

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SPT-PCXX1G-40(D) See table below for "XX" values

	λC Wavelength Guide										
Code	λC	Unit	Code	λC	Unit	Code	λC	Unit	Code	λC	Unit
27	1270	nm	37	1370	nm	47	1470	nm	57	1570	nm
29	1290	nm	39	1390	nm	49	1490	nm	59	1590	nm
31	1310	nm	41	1410	nm	51	1510	nm	61	1610	nm

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33	1330	nm	43	1430	nm	53	1530	nm		
35	1350	nm	45	1450	nm	55	1550	nm		

## Optical and Electrical Characteristics

### SPT-PCXX1G-40(D):( CWDM and PIN, 40km Reach)

Para	neter	Symbol	Min	Typical	Max	Unit	Notes
			Transmi	tter			
Centre W	/avelength	λc	λc-6.5	λc	λc+6.5	nm	
Spectral W	idth (-20dB)	Δλ			1	nm	
Side Mode Su	ppression Ratio	SMSR	30			dB	
Average O	utput Power	Pout	-5		0	dBm	1
Extinct	ion Ratio	ER	9			dB	
Optical Ri	se/Fall Time	tr/tf			0.26	ns	
Data Input Sw	ving Differential	VIN	400		1800	mV	2
Input Differential Impedance		ZIN	90	100	110	Ω	
	Disable		2.0		Vcc	V	
TX Disable	Enable		0		0.8	V	
	Fault		2.0		Vcc	V	
TX Fault	Normal		0		0.8	V	
			Receiv	er			
Receiver	Sensitivity				-24	dBm	3
Receiver	Overload		-1			dBm	3
LOS De-Assert		LOSD			-25	dBm	
LOS Assert		LOSA	-36			dBm	
LOS Hysteresis			1		4	dB	
Data Output Sv	wing Differential	Vout	370		1800	mV	4
т	05	High	2.0		Vcc	V	
L	OS	Low			0.8	V	

Notes:

1. The optical power is launched into SMF.

2. PECL input, internally AC-coupled and terminated.

3. Measured with a PRBS 2<sup>7</sup>-1 test pattern @1250Mbps, BER  $\leq 1 \times 10^{-12}$ .

4. Internally AC-coupled.

Timing and Electrical					
Parameter	Symbol	Min	Typical	Max	Unit
Tx Disable Negate Time	t_on			1	ms

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Tx Disable Assert Time	t_off		10	μs
Time To Initialize, including Reset of Tx Fault	t_init		300	ms
Tx Fault Assert Time	t_fault		100	μs
Tx Disable To Reset	t_reset	10		μs
LOS Assert Time	t_loss_on		100	μs
LOS De-assert Time	t_loss_off		100	μs
Serial ID Clock Rate	f_serial_clo ck		400	KHz
MOD_DEF (0:2)-High	VH	2	Vcc	V
MOD_DEF (0:2)-Low	VL		0.8	V

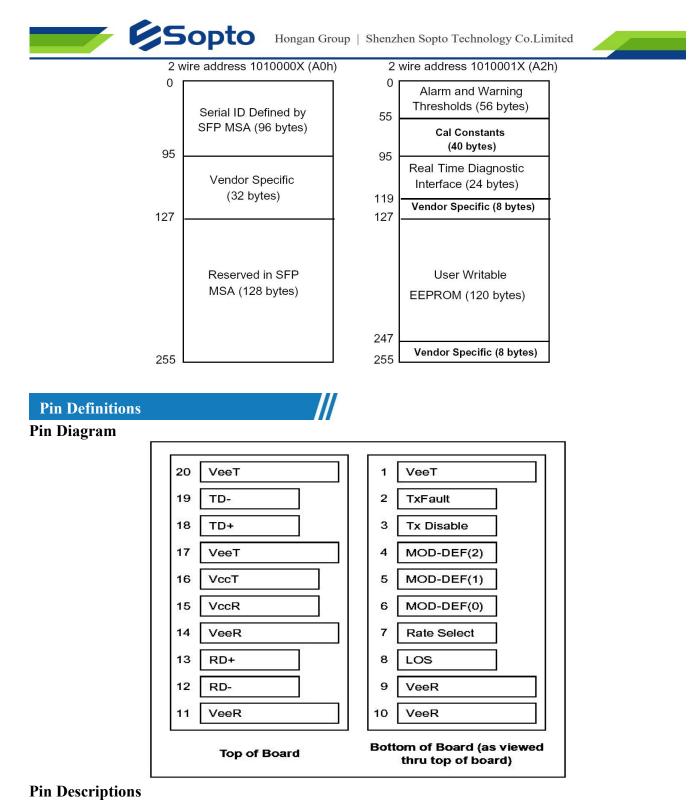
Diagnostics				
Parameter	Range	Unit	Accuracy	Calibration
Temperature	0 to +70	°C	±3°C	Internal / External
Voltage	3.0 to 3.6	V	±3%	Internal / External
Bias Current	0 to 100	mA	±10%	Internal / External
TX Power	-5 to 0	dBm	±3dB	Internal / External
RX Power	-24 to -1	dBm	±3dB	Internal / External

### Digital Diagnostic Memory Map

The transceivers provide serial ID memory contents and diagnostic information about the present operating conditions by the 2-wire serial interface (SCL, SDA).

The diagnostic information with internal calibration or external calibration all are implemented, including received power monitoring, transmitted power monitoring, bias current monitoring, supply voltage monitoring and temperature monitoring.

The digital diagnostic memory map specific data field defines as following.



Pin	Signal Name	Description	Plug Seq.	Notes
1	VEET	Transmitter Ground	1	
2	TX FAULT	Transmitter Fault Indication	3	Note 1
3	TX DISABLE	Transmitter Disable	3	Note 2
4	MOD_DEF(2)	SDA Serial Data Signal	3	Note 3
5	MOD_DEF(1)	SCL Serial Clock Signal	3	Note 3

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6	MOD_DEF(0)	TTL Low	3	Note 3
7	Rate Select	Not Connected	3	
8	LOS	Loss of Signal	3	Note 4
9	VEER	Receiver ground	1	
10	VEER	Receiver ground	1	
11	VEER	Receiver ground	1	
12	RD-	Inv. Received Data Out	3	Note 5
13	RD+	Received Data Out	3	Note 5
14	VEER	Receiver ground	1	
15	VCCR	Receiver Power Supply	2	
16	VCCT	Transmitter Power Supply	2	
17	VEET	Transmitter Ground	1	
18	TD+	Transmit Data In	3	Note 6
19	TD-	Inv. Transmit Data In	3	Note 6
20	VEET	Transmitter Ground	1	

Notes:

Plug Seq.: Pin engagement sequence during hot plugging.

1) TX Fault is an open collector output, which should be pulled up with a  $4.7k\sim10k\Omega$  resistor on the host board to a voltage between 2.0V and Vcc+0.3V. Logic 0 indicates normal operation; Logic 1 indicates a laser fault of some kind. In the low state, the output will be pulled to less than 0.8V.

2) TX Disable is an input that is used to shut down the transmitter optical output. It is pulled up within the module with a  $4.7k\sim10k\Omega$  resistor. Its states are:

Low (0 to 0.8V):	Transmitter on
(>0.8V, < 2.0V):	Undefined
High (2.0 to 3.465V):	Transmitter Disabled
Open:	Transmitter Disabled

3) Mod-Def 0,1,2. These are the module definition pins. They should be pulled up with a  $4.7k\sim10k\Omega$  resistor on the host board. The pull-up voltage shall be VccT or VccR.

Mod-Def 0 is grounded by the module to indicate that the module is present

Mod-Def 1 is the clock line of two wire serial interface for serial ID

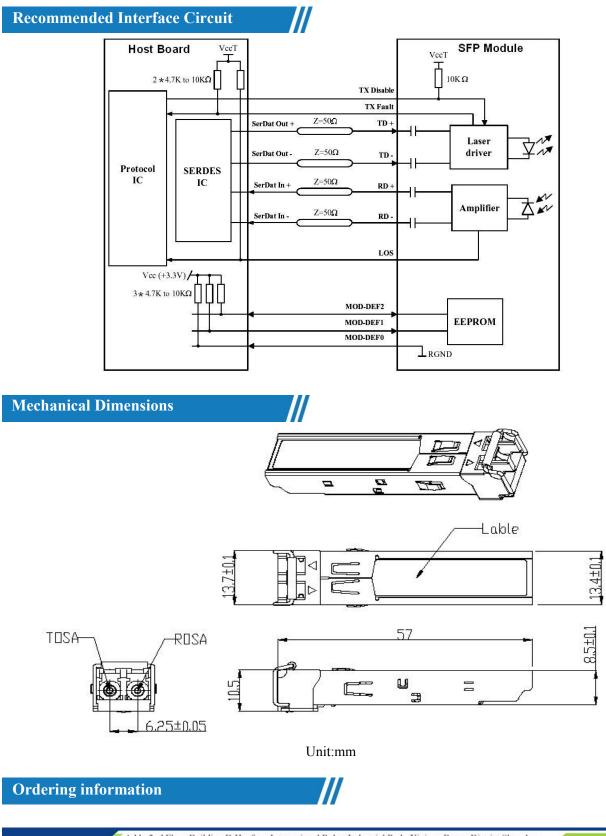
Mod-Def 2 is the data line of two wire serial interface for serial ID

4) LOS is an open collector output, which should be pulled up with a  $4.7k\sim10k\Omega$  resistor. Pull up voltage between 2.0V and Vcc+0.3V. Logic 1 indicates loss of signal; Logic 0 indicates normal operation. In the low state, the output will be pulled to less than 0.8V.



5) RD-/+: These are the differential receiver outputs. They are internally AC-coupled 100 differential lines which should be terminated with  $100\Omega$  (differential) at the user SERDES.

6) TD-/+: These are the differential transmitter inputs. They are internally AC-coupled, differential lines with  $100\Omega$  differential termination inside the module.



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Part Number	Product Description
SPT-PCXX1G-40	CWDM 1270nm~1610nm,1.25Gbps, 40km,0°C ~ +70°C
SPT-PCXX1G-40D	CWDM 1270nm~1610nm, 1.25Gbps, 40km, 0°C ~ +70°C, With DDM
SPT-PCXX1G-40TD	CWDM 1270nm~1610nm,1.25Gbps, 40km,-40°C ~ +85°C, With DDM

Notes:

In the Part Number, XX stands for central wavelength,

such as 27 for 1270nm, 31 for 1310nm, 47 for 1470nm, .....61 for 1610nm.

Note: If you need more customized services, please contact us.

- E-mail: info@sopto.com.cn
- Web : <u>http://www.sopto.com.cn</u>

